# UNITED FILM ORGANISERS (UFO) (MAURITIUS) PRIVATE LIMITED

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 2016

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		Date of appointment	Date of resignation
DIRECTORS	: Mr Vishnu Patel	21 Jun 07	_
	Mr Rakesh Gupta	21 Jun 07	•
	Mr Ashish Malushte	21 Jun 07	<b>-</b>
	Mr Rajesh Bhagwati Mishra	19 Sep 09	<u>-</u>
	Mrs Mehnaz A Rassool	03 May 10	<u>-</u> .

COMPANY SECRETARY: C/o First Island Secretarial Ltd

Suite 308, St James Court

St Denis Street Port Louis

Republic of Mauritius

REGISTERED OFFICE: Suite 308, St James Court

St Denis Street Port Louis

Republic of Mauritius

BANKER : Banque des Mascareignes Ltée

Level 8, Catedral Square Jules Koeing Street

Port Louis

Republic of Mauritius

AUDITORS : Kreston TSS

Public Accountants

Suite 311 – St James Court

St Denis Street Port Louis

Republic of Mauritius

The directors present their commentary, together with the audited financial statements of United Film Organisers (UFO) (Mauritius) Private Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2016.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is to provide Digital Cinema Services to the key constituents of film industry and to owners of the alternative content in Mauritius using digital technology.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results for the year are shown on page 7.

The directors did not recommend the payment of dividend for the year under review (2015: Nil).

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, comprising the Company's statement of financial position as at 31 March 2016, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), in compliance with the requirements of the Mauritius Companies Act 2001 and the Financial Reporting Act 2004.

The directors' responsibilities include: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The directors have made an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and have no reason to believe that the business will not be a going concern in the year ahead.

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND SERVICE CONTRACTS**

There was no service contracts established between the Company and its directors, either directly or indirectly.

#### CHARITABLE AND POLITICAL DONATIONS

The Company did not make any charitable and political donations during the year under review (2015: Nil).

#### **AUDITORS**

The fees payable to the auditors for audit were:

2016 MUR 2015 MUR

**Audit services** 

20,426

45,357

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Date: 12 May 2016

# SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

We certify that, based on records and information made available to us by the directors and shareholder of **United Film Organisers (UFO) (Mauritius) Private Limited**, the Company has filed with the Registrar of Companies, for the financial year ended 31 March 2016, all such returns as are required of the Company under Section 166 (d) of the Mauritius Companies Act 2001.

Corporate Secretary
First Island Secretarial Ltd

Registered office:
Suite 308, St James Court
St Denis Street
Port Louis
Republic of Mauritius

Date: 12 May 2016



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF

#### UNITED FILM ORGANISERS (UFO) (MAURITIUS) PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of **United Film Organisers (UFO) (Mauritius) Private Limited** (the 'Company') on pages 7 to 16 which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2016, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibilities for the financial statements

The Company's directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), in compliance with the requirements of the Mauritius Companies Act 2001 and the Financial Reporting Act 2004 and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

**Auditors' Responsibility** 

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

**Emphasis of matter** 

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 11 in the financial statements which indicates that, at 31 March 2016, the Company had a shareholder's deficit of MUR 58,063. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon continued availability of debt facilities and funds being made available by the shareholder. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from non-availability of finance.

As described in Note 12, the shareholder has pledged continuing financial support to the Company over the next twelve months. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF

### UNITED FILM ORGANISERS (UFO) (MAURITIUS) PRIVATE LIMITED (CONTINUED)

**Opinion** 

In our opinion, the financial statements on pages 7 to 16 give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2016 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), in compliance with the requirements of the Mauritius Companies Act 2001 and the Financial Reporting Act 2004.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

The Mauritius Companies Act 2001 requires that in carrying out our audit we consider and report to you on the following matters. We confirm that:

- (a) We have no relationship with or interests in the Company other than in our capacity as auditors;
- (b) We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required; and
- (c) In our opinion, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company as far as it appears from our examination of those records.

**Other Matter** 

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's shareholder, in accordance with Section 205 of the Mauritius Companies Act 2001 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Kreeton Tru

Kreston TSS
Port Louis
Republic of Mauritius

Date: 12 May 2016

A Qaiyoom G Dustagheer FCCA, MIPA (M) Licensed Auditor Signing Partner

Suite 311, St James Court, St Denis Street, Port Louis, Republic of Mauritius (+230) 211 5572 | krestonTSS@intnet.mu

Note	2016 MUR	2015 MUR
Income Unrealised exchange gain	1,295	6,162
Expenses Administration fees Professional fees Bank charges Realised exchange loss Other expenses	25,925 34,043 2,848 - 5,084	19,053 80,657 4,209 7,156
	67,900	111,075
Loss before taxation	(66,605)	(104,913)
Income tax expense 6		
Loss for the year	(66,605)	(104,913)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of taxation		
Total comprehensive loss for the year, net of taxation	(66,605)	(104,913)

Approved by the Board of Directors on 12 May 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

The notes on pages 11 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements. Auditors' report is on pages 5 and 6.

	Stated capital MUR	Translation reserves MUR	Accumulated reserves MUR	Total equity MUR
At 01 April 2014	1,000	94	112,361	113,455
Loss for the year			(104,913)	(104,913)
At 31 March 2015	1,000	94	7,448	8,542
Loss for the year			(66,605)	(66,605)
At 31 March 2016	1,000	94	(59,157)	(58,063)

# UNITED FILM ORGANISERS (UFO) (MAURITIUS) PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	2016 MUR	2015 MUR
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss before taxation Adjustments to reconcile loss before tax to net cash flows	(66,605)	(104,913)
Working capital adjustments:  Decrease / (increase) in other receivables Increase / (decrease) in other payables	2,500 60,321	(2,500) (30,745)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(3,784)	(138,158)
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents	(3,784)	(138,158)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	71,851	210,009
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	68,067	71,851

#### 1. LEGAL FORM AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Company was incorporated under the Mauritius Companies Act 2001 on 25 May 2007 as a private company limited by shares. The Company's registered office is C/o Suite 308, St James Court, St Denis Street, Port Louis, Republic of Mauritius.

The principal activity of the Company is to provide Digital Cinema Services to the key constituents of film industry and to owners of the alternative content in Mauritius using digital technology.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 12 May 2016.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The validity of this assumption depends on the continued support of its shareholder. The directors are of the opinion that this support will be forthcoming over the next twelve months. They therefore believe that it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on the going concern basis.

#### Foreign currencies

#### Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements of the Company are expressed in Mauritian Rupees ("MUR")

Management determines the functional currency of the Company to be MUR. In making this judgement, management evaluates, among other factors, the regulatory and competitive environments and the fee and performance reporting structures of the Company and in particular, the economic environment of its investors.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into MUR using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, and it is probable that it will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reasonably measured.

#### Other receivables

Prepayments are stated at their nominal value.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include ash at bank and cash in hand.

#### Other payables

Other payables are stated at their nominal value

#### Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Accumulated reserves include all current and prior results as disclosed in the profit or loss.

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Foreign exchange translation reserves comprises of unrealised gains / (losses) arising out from the operations of the Company.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Expenses**

All expenses are accounted for in the profit or loss on the accruals basis.

#### Taxes

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current income tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

#### Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Company and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

#### Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year as a result of changes in accounting policy and disclosures.

#### 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (IFRS)

In the current year, the Company has adopted all of the new and revised standard and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for this accounting year end. The adoption of these new and revised standards and interpretations has not resulted in any changes to the Company's accounting policies that would affect the amounts reported for the current or prior years.

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations were in issue but effective on annual periods beginning on or after the respective dates as indicated:

		Effective date periods
Standards Interpretations	Date issued by IASB	beginning on or after
IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts With Customers Original issue	September 2015	01 January 2018

# 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (IFRS) (CONTINUED)

		Effective date periods	
Standards	Interpretations	Date issued by IASB	beginning on or after
IFRS 9 Financial instruments	Finalised version	July 2014	01 January 2018
IFRS 16 Leases	Measurement, presentation & disclosure	January 2016	January 2019
IAS 12 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses	Amendments to IAS 12	January 2016	January 2017
IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flow	Amendments as result of the Disclosure initiative	January 2016	01 January 2017

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these standards on the above effective dates in future periods will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

#### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

#### Critical accounting judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### Determination of functional currency

The determination of the functional currency of the Company is critical since recording of transactions and exchange differences arising thereon are dependent on the functional currency selected. As described in Note 2, the directors have considered those factors therein and have determined that the functional currency of the Company is the MUR.

#### 5. OPERATING LOSS

1996年,1996年,1996年,1996年,1996年,1996年第1986年,1996年	2016	2015
	MUR	MUR
Operating loss is stated after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration	20,426	45,357

#### 6. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Company is liable to income tax in Mauritius on its chargeable income at the rate of 15%.

A reconciliation between the accounting loss and the tax charge is as follows:

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이 얼마들이 하는 이 아들이 잘 말 깨끗하는데 다른 나를 먹는데 하는데 하는데 다른데 다른데 되었다.	MUR	MUR
Loss for the year	(66,605)	(104,913)
Add: non-allowable expenses	936	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Less: exempt income	(2,231)	(6,162)
Tax losses brought forward	(316,277)	(205,202)
Loss carried forward	(384,177)	(316,277)

7.	OTHER RECEIVABLES		
		2016 MUR	2015 MUR
	Prepayments	<u> </u>	2,500
8.	STATED CAPITAL		
		2016 MUR	2015 MUR
		1,000	1,000
9.	OTHER PAYABLES		
		2016 MUR	2015 MUR
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#### 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- (i) to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and
- (ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Company sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

#### Financial risk factors

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

#### (i) Interest rate risk

As the Company has no significant interest-bearing assets, the Company's income and cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

#### (ii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Consequently, the Company is exposed primarily to the risk that the exchange rate of the Mauritian Rupee ("MUR") relative to the United States Dollar ("USD") may change in a manner that has a material effect on the reported values of the Company's assets that are denominated in United States Dollar ("USD").

The foreign exchange risk of the Mauritian Rupee ("MUR") to the United States Dollar ("USD") is not considered significant as the Company monitors the net exposure of the foreign exchange risk.

#### 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Credit risk

Credit risk represents the potential loss that the Company would incur if counter parties fail to perform pursuant to the terms of their obligations to the Company. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position. The bank balance is considered negligible, since the counterparty is a reputable bank with high quality external credit ratings.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of the financial assets and liabilities.

The table below illustrates the aged analysis of the Company's financial liabilities.

Less than Over	
1 year 1 year	Total
2016 2016	2016
MUR MUR	MUR
Liability share the first and the state of t	
Other payables (Note 9) 126,130 -	126,130

#### Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents and other payables approximate to their fair values.

#### **Currency profile**

The currency profile of the Company's financial assets and liabilities is summarised as follows:

Denominated in:	Financial	Financial	Financial	Financial
	assets	liabilities	assets	liabilities
	2016	2016	2015	2015
	MUR	MUR	MUR	MUR
United States Dollar ('USD')	29,873	126,130	31,811	65,809
Mauritius Rupee ('MUR')	38,194	-	40,040	-
그는 이 아이들이 가수 있다. 그렇게 함. 이 그는 이 가는 이 아이들은 사람들이게	68,067	126,130	71,851	65,809

#### 11. BASIS OF PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 31 March 2016, the Company had a shareholder's deficit of USD 58,063.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis that assumes that the Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The validity of this assumption depends upon the continued support of the shareholder.

The directors are of the opinion that this support will be forthcoming in the next twelve months. They therefore, believe that it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.

#### 12. CONTINUING FINANCIAL SUPPORT

The holding company has confirmed its intention to provide continuing financial support to the Company so as to enable the Company to continue operating in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### 13. HOLDING COMPANY

The directors regard UFO International Limited, a company incorporated in Cyprus as the holding company.

#### 14. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There has been no post material reporting events which would require disclosure or adjustment to the 31 March 2016 financial statements.